Conventional Pulse Oximetry is Unreliable During Helicopter Transport

Data submitted by: Allison Thomas, R.N.C.; Huntington Memorial Hospital, Pasadena, CA.

A full term infant with a primary diagnosis of persistent pulmonary hypertension of the newborn (PPHN) requiring ventilatory support with 100% oxygen was being air-lifted to our facility for potential placement on extracorporeal membrane oxygenation. A prototype pulse oximeter containing Masimo Signal Extraction Technology was placed on the left big toe (post-ductal) using a Masimo SET LNOP® neonatal sensor. The patient was also monitored with two Nellcor N-200 pulse oximeters using neonatal sensors on the right hand (pre-ductal) and right big toe (post-ductal). During takeoff, the N-200 monitoring pre-ductal immediately began to not correlate with ECG, rendering %SpO₂ unreliable. The N-200 monitoring post-ductal "zeroed-out" and was unable to acquire %SpO₂ or pulse rate during the entire flight. %SpO₂ and pulse rate were accurately and reliably monitored throughout takeoff, flight and landing by the Masimo SET prototype as evidenced by the correlation with ECG, and the clinical appearance of the patient. Below is a sample of notations made during transport:"

Takeoff:	SpO ₂	Rate
Nellcor N-200 (Pre-Ductal)	91%	236
Nellcor N-200 (Post-Ductal)	0%	0
Majnos[] [®] (Post-Ductal)	100%	124
ECG (control)		124

17 Minutes:	SpO ₂	Rate
Nellcor N-200 (Pre-Ductal)	99%	150
Nellcor N-200 (Post-Ductal)	0%	0
€Majmos[] [®] (Post-Ductal)	99%	150
ECG (control)		150

8 Minutes:	SpO ₂	Rate
Nellcor N-200 (Pre-Ductal)	97%	128
Nellcor N-200 (Post-Ductal)	0%	0
€Majmos∏° (Post-Ductal)	98%	126
ECG (control)		126

Landing:	SpO ₂	Rate
Nellcor N-200 (Pre-Ductal)	89%	154
Nellcor N-200 (Post-Ductal)	0%	0
Majnos[]* (Post-Ductal)	99%	126
ECG (control)		126

DISCUSSION:

"Accurate pulse oximetry of patients during transport is made difficult if not impossible because of motion artifact. The Masimo SET pulse oximeter maintained continuous %SpO₂ and pulse rate monitoring despite challenging conditions that render conventional pulse oximeters useless. Indeed, the Masimo SET pulse oximeter continuously read %SpO₂ and pulse rate even though the sensor was placed in the poorly perfused, post-ductal position. Post-ductal monitoring of infants with PPHN is especially difficult in the first 24-48 hours but vital to management of extreme pulmonary hypertension, e.g., the titration of inhaled nitric oxide (INO) therapy. A paradox of conventional pulse oximetry is that it fails frequently in the sickest patients who would most benefit from continuous monitoring of their oxygenation status. Before Masimo SET technology, continuous, accurate and reliable pulse oximetry during transport of critically ill infants was difficult if not impossible."

Masimo Americas tel +1-877-4-Masimo info-america@masimo.com Masimo Europe tel +33-(0)-4-72-17-93-70 info-europe@masimo.com Masimo Japan tel +81-3-3237-3057 info-iapan@masimo.com Masimo Asia Pacific tel +65-6392-4085 info-asia@masimo.com



037-1944D-0808